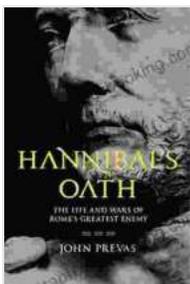
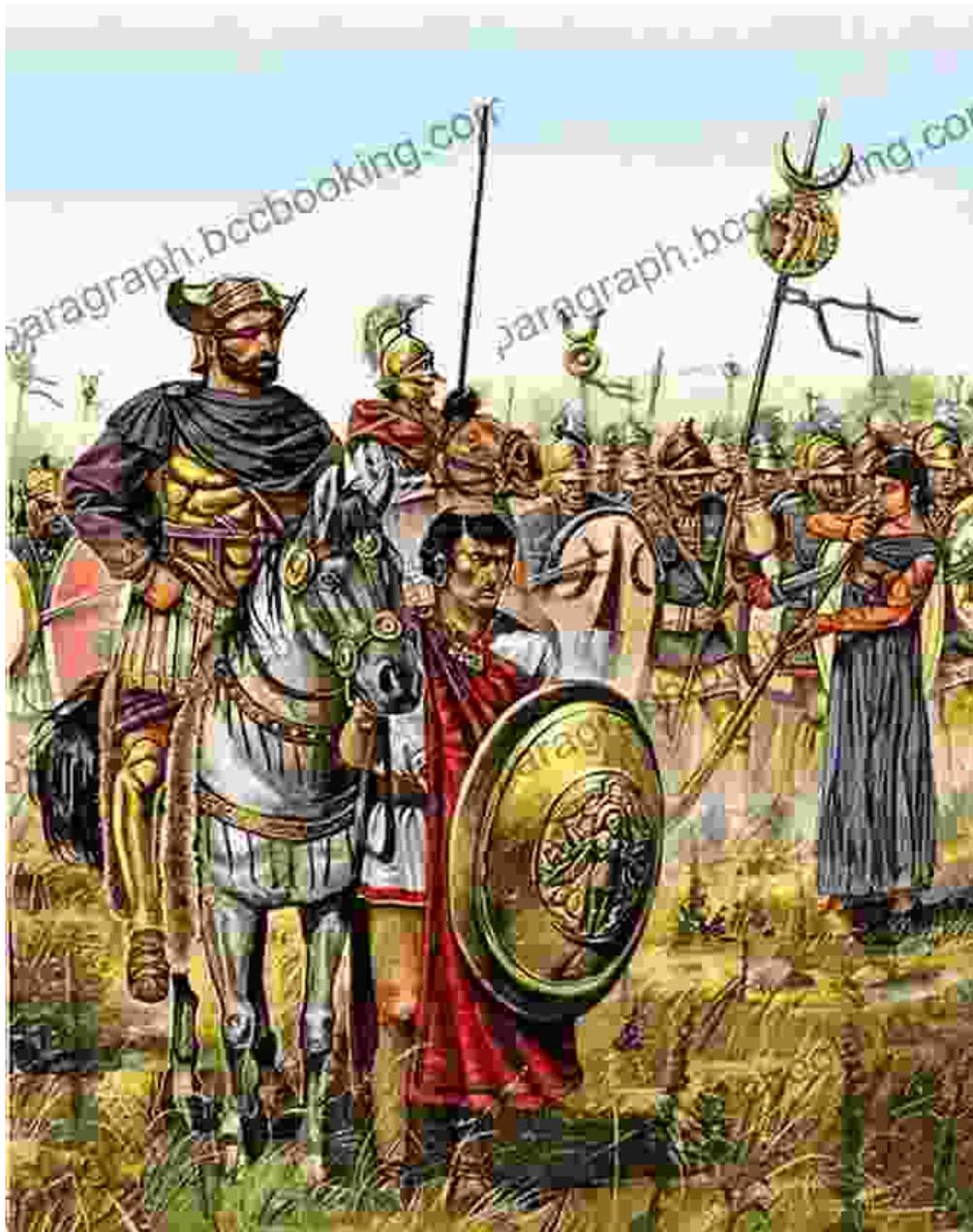


The Life and Wars of Rome's Greatest Enemy



Hannibal's Oath: The Life and Wars of Rome's Greatest Enemy by John Prevas

★★★★☆ 4.4 out of 5

Language : English

File size : 47265 KB

Text-to-Speech : Enabled

Screen Reader : Supported
Enhanced typesetting: Enabled
X-Ray : Enabled
Word Wise : Enabled
Print length : 295 pages



Hannibal Barca was one of the greatest military commanders in history. Born in Carthage in 247 BC, he inherited his father's hatred of Rome and vowed to avenge his homeland's defeat in the First Punic War. Hannibal's military genius was unmatched, and he inflicted a series of devastating defeats on the Romans. However, he was ultimately defeated by Scipio Africanus at the Battle of Zama in 202 BC.

Early Life and Career

Hannibal was born into a wealthy and influential family in Carthage. His father, Hamilcar Barca, was a renowned general who fought against the Romans in the First Punic War. Hannibal grew up to be a brilliant military strategist and a skilled diplomat.

In 221 BC, Hannibal became the commander of the Carthaginian army in Spain. He quickly proved his military prowess by defeating the Romans at the Battle of the Trebia. Hannibal then crossed the Alps with his army, a daring feat that shocked the Romans.

The Punic Wars

The Punic Wars were a series of three wars fought between Carthage and Rome. The First Punic War lasted from 264 to 241 BC and resulted in a Carthaginian victory. The Second Punic War lasted from 218 to 201 BC and

saw Hannibal's invasion of Italy. The Third Punic War lasted from 149 to 146 BC and ended with the destruction of Carthage.

Hannibal's greatest victory came at the Battle of Cannae in 216 BC. He lured the Romans into a trap and annihilated their army, killing over 50,000 men. However, the Romans eventually regrouped and launched a series of counterattacks.

Later Life and Legacy

After his defeat at the Battle of Zama, Hannibal returned to Carthage. He served as a general and statesman, but he was eventually forced to flee into exile. He eventually committed suicide to avoid being captured by the Romans.

Hannibal's legacy is that of one of the greatest military commanders in history. His tactical brilliance and strategic thinking have been studied by generals for centuries. Hannibal's name is synonymous with courage, determination, and military prowess.

The life and wars of Hannibal Barca are a fascinating and inspiring story. He was a brilliant military commander who inflicted a series of devastating defeats on the Romans. However, he was ultimately defeated by Scipio Africanus at the Battle of Zama. Hannibal's legacy is that of one of the greatest military commanders in history.

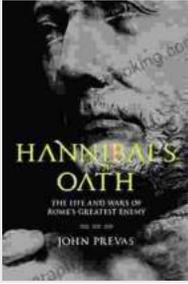
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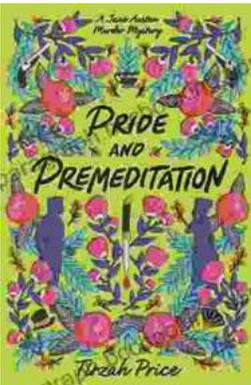
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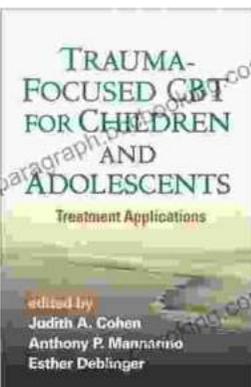


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